Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Report

December 31, 2024

Financial Report

December 31, 2024

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Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The accompanying financial statements of The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan (the "Municipality") are the responsibility of the Municipality's management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, as described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Municipality's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management. Council meets with management and the external auditor to review the financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by Baker Tilly SNT LLP, independent external auditor appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's financial statements.

Clerk Treasurer April 10, 2025



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, cash flows, and change in net debt for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan as at December 31, 2024, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

ACCOUNTING • TAX • ADVISORY

Baker Tilly SNT LLP is a member of Baker Tilly Canada Cooperative, which is a member of the global network of Baker Tilly International Limited. All members of Baker Tilly Canada Cooperative and Baker Tilly International Limited are separate and independent legal entities.

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Baker Tilly SNT s.r.l. est membre de la Coopérative Baker Tilly Canada, qui fait partie du réseau mondial Baker Tilly International Limited. Les membres de la Coopérative Baker Tilly Canada et de Baker Tilly International Limited sont tous des entités juridiques distinctes et indépendantes.



Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose
 of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal
 control.



Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Baker Tilly SNT LLP

North Bay, Ontario April 10, 2025 CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS, LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2024

	2024	2023
Financial Assets		
Cash (note 4) Taxes receivable Accounts receivable (note 5) Liabilities	\$ 166,322 36,669 39,662 242,653	\$ 91,580 7,888 125,171 224,639
Temporary borrowing (note 4) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6) Deferred revenues - other (note 7) Deferred revenues - obligatory reserve funds (note 8) Municipal debt (note 9) Asset retirement obligations (note 10)	42,642 90,026 4,864 164,237 109,204 410,973	100,000 51,807 13,033 - 193,842 108,708 467,390
Net Debt	(168,320)	(242,751)
Non-Financial Assets		
Tangible capital assets (note 11) Prepaid expenses Inventories	3,226,521 29,343 11,585 3,267,449	3,312,035 13,416 11,585 3,337,036
Accumulated Surplus (note 12)	\$ 3,099,129	\$ 3,094,285
Contingencies (note 13)		
Commitments (note 14)		

Approved by:

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

	20	24		2023	
	Budget		Actual		Actual
	 (Unaudited)				
Revenues					
Net taxation	\$ 566,665	\$	536,191	\$	504,149
User charges	15,084		67,359		13,754
Government grants and transfers - Provincial	83,600		83,600		71,700
Other	 5,585		5,500		6,085
Total revenues	 670,934		692,650		595,688
Expenses					
General government	268,406		298,935		265,964
Protection services	50,681		51,718		48,966
Transportation services	280,646		266,268		277,533
Environmental services	72,654		75,078		55,582
Health services	7,189		7,389		5,237
Social and family services	69,569		69,569		67,810
Recreation and cultural services	900		1,730		-
Planning and development	 2,500		2,500	_	2,500
Total expenses	 752,545		773,187	_	723,592
Annual deficit before other	(81,611)		(80,537)		(127,904)
Other					
Government grants and transfers related					
to capital - Provincial	-		80,228		500,006
Government grants and transfers related					
to capital - Federal			5,153		10,656
Annual surplus (deficit)	(81,611)		4,844		382,758
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	 3,094,285		3,094,285		2,711,527
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 3,012,674	\$	3,099,129	\$	3,094,285

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Statement of Cash Flows

For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

	2024			2023		
Operating transactions Annual surplus	\$	4,844	\$	382,758		
Cash provided by (applied to)						
Non-cash items:						
Amortization of tangible capital assets		111,215		101,514		
Accretion expense		496		464		
Change in non-cash working capital balances						
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable		(28,781)		1,998		
Decrease in accounts receivable		85,509		351,323		
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(9,165)		(217,655)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues - other		76,993		(232,442)		
Increase in deferred revenues - obligatory reserve funds		4,864		-		
Increase in prepaid expenses		(15,927)		(1,189)		
Increase in inventories		_		(10,973)		
Cash provided by operating transactions		230,048		375,798		
Capital transactions						
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(25,701)		(475,985)		
Cash applied to capital transactions		(25,701)		(475,985)		
Financing transactions						
Temporary borrowing advanced		_		100,000		
Temporary borrowing repaid		(100,000)		-		
Municipal debt repaid		(29,605)		(27,906)		
Cash provided by (applied to) financing transactions		(129,605)		72,094		
Increase (decrease) in cash		74,742		(28,093)		
Cash, beginning of year		91,580		119,673		
Cash, end of year	<u>\$</u>	166,322	\$	91,580		

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Statement of Change in Net Debt For The Year Ended December 31, 2024

	2024		2024		2023	
		Budget		Actual	Actual	
	•	(Unaudited)				
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	(81,611)	\$	4,844	\$	382,758
Amortization of tangible capital assets		111,215		111,215		101,514
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		-		(25,701)		(475,985)
Change in prepaid expenses		-		(15,927)		(1,189)
Change in inventories						(10,973)
Decrease (increase) in net debt		29,604		74,431		(3,875)
Net debt, beginning of year		(242,751)		(242,751)	_	(238,876)
Net debt, end of year	\$	(213,147)	\$	(168,320)	\$	(242,751)

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements of the Municipality are the representation of management prepared in accordance with accounting policies recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Since precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximations. These have been made using careful judgement.

(a) Basis of Consolidation

(i) These financial statements reflect the financial assets, liabilities, non-financial assets, accumulated surplus, revenues and expenses of the Municipality and include the activities of all committees of Council.

(ii) Non-Consolidated Entities

The following joint local boards are not consolidated:

District of Nipissing Social Services Administration Board East Nipissing District Home for the Aged North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit

(iii) Accounting for School Board Transactions

The Municipality is required to collect and remit education support levies in respect of residential and other properties on behalf of the area school boards. The Municipality has no jurisdiction or control over the school boards operations. Therefore, taxation, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in the accumulated surplus of these financial statements.

(b) Basis of Accounting

(i) Accrual Basis

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Municipality's policy is to disclose bank balances under cash and cash equivalents, including bank overdrafts with balances that fluctuate frequently from being positive to overdrawn and term deposits with maturities of three months from the date of acquisition or less or those that can be readily convertible to cash.

(iii) Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues represent user charges and fees that have been collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the services are performed.

(iv) Deferred Revenues - Obligatory Reserve Funds

The Municipality receives certain government grants, transfers and other revenues under the authority of legislation. These funds, by their nature, are restricted in their use and, until applied to specific expenses, are recorded as deferred revenues. Amounts applied to qualifying expenses are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

(v) Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that result from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific tangible capital asset, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using a present value technique.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(v) Asset Retirement Obligations (continued)

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the Municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of operations.

(vi) Segmented Information

The Municipality reports its segmented information on functional areas and programs in its financial statements similar to reporting reflected as part of the Ontario Financial Information Return. These functional areas represent segments for the Municipality:

General Government

General government is comprised of Council, administration, and Ontario Property Assessment.

Protection Services

Protection is comprised of police, fire and other protective services.

Transportation Services

Transportation services are responsible for road maintenance, culverts, bridges, winter control and streetlights.

Environmental Services

Environmental services include waste and recycling services.

Health Services

Health services include public health services and cemetery services.

Social and Family Services

Social and family services include social assistance, long-term care, paramedic services, social housing and child care services.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(vi) Segmented Information (continued)

Recreation and Cultural Services

Recreation and cultural services include parks and recreation, recreation facilities, culture and libraries.

Planning and Development

Planning and development manages development for residential and business interests as well as services related to the Municipality's economic development programs.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. Taxation, payments-in-lieu of taxes and certain unconditional government transfers are apportioned based on each segment's expenses in proportion to total municipal expenses.

(vii) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the annual surplus, provides the Change in Net Debt for the year.

i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset and legally or contractually required retirement activities. The costs, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Land improvements	landfill capacity
Buildings	25 to 60 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	15 years
Roads	45 years
Bridges and culverts	10 to 50 years
Computer hardware and software	3 years

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(vii) Non-Financial Assets (continued)

i) Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

Annual amortization is charged over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing once the asset is available for productive use. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

ii) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

iii) Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent amounts paid in advance for a good or service not yet received. The expense is recognized once the goods have been received or the services have been performed.

(viii) Taxation and Other Revenues

Property tax billings are prepared by the Municipality based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation ("MPAC") and in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Act, 2001. Tax rates are established annually by Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services and amounts the Municipality is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes.

A normal part of the assessment process is the issue of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the Municipality determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings. Taxation revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued.

Assessment and the related property taxes are subject to appeal. Tax adjustments as a result of appeals are recorded when the result of the appeal process is known or based on management's best estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (Continued)

(viii) Taxation and Other Revenues (continued)

The Municipality is entitled to collect interest and penalties on overdue taxes. These revenues are recorded in the period the interest and penalties are levied.

User charges and other income is recognized as revenue when earned. Fines and fees are recognized as revenue when collected.

(ix) Government Grants and Transfers

Government grants and transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occurs, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made, except when and to the extent that stipulations associated with the transfer give rise to a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. The transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulations giving rise to the liabilities are settled.

(x) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best information and judgment and may differ significantly from actual results.

(xi) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified at either fair value or amortized cost.

Financial instruments classified at amortized cost include cash, taxes receivable, accounts receivable, temporary borrowing, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and municipal debt. They are initially recorded at their fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment. Transaction costs are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

2. Measurement Uncertainty

Certain items recognized in the financial statements are subject to measurement uncertainty. The recognized amounts of such items are based on the Municipality's best information and judgment.

- The amounts recorded for asset retirement obligations are based on the estimated amount required to ultimately remediate the liability and depend on estimates of usage, remaining life, inflation rates and discount rates.
- The amounts recorded for amortization and opening costs of tangible capital assets are based on estimates of useful life, residual values and valuation rates.

By their nature, these estimates are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be significant.

3. Change in Accounting Policies

On January 1, 2024, the Municipality adopted the following standards on a prospective basis: PS 3400 - *Revenue*, PSG-8 - *Purchased Intangibles* and PS 3160 - *Public Private Partnerships* (P3s). The adoption of these standards had no impact on the opening balances.

Section PS 3400 - *Revenue*, establishes standards on how to account for and report on revenue, specifically differentiating between transactions that include performance obligations (i.e. the payor expects a good or service from the public sector entity), referred to as exchange transactions, and transactions that do not have performance obligations, referred to as non-exchange transactions.

Guideline PSG-8 - *Purchased Intangibles*, provides guidance on the accounting and reporting for purchased intangible assets that are acquired through arm's length exchange transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties that are under no compulsion to act.

Section PS 3160 - *Public Private Partnerships* (P3s), provides specific guidance on the accounting and reporting for public private partnerships between public and private sector entities where the public sector entity procures infrastructure using a private sector partner.

4. Cash and Temporary Borrowing

	2024	2023		
Cash	<u>\$ 166,322</u>	\$ 91,580		

The Municipality has authorized credit facilities totaling \$100,000, which is secured by a general security agreement. As at December 31, 2024, the Municipality has utilized \$0 (2023 - \$0). The interest is calculated at the bank's prime lending rate plus 2%.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

5. Accounts Receivable

		2024	2023
	Federal government Province of Ontario School Boards	\$ 39,662 	\$ 109,153 13,279 2,739
6.	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 39,662	\$ 125,171
	School Boards Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,015 38,627 \$ 42,642	\$ - 51,807 \$ 51,807

7. Deferred Revenues - Other

Deferred revenues set-aside for specific purposes are comprised of the following:

	D	ance as at ecember 1, 2023	1	Amounts received during the year	as	revenues uring the year	at l	nlance as December 1, 2024
Ontario Community Infrastructure Fund	\$	13,033	\$	102,454	\$	80,228	\$	35,259
Northern Ontario Resource Development Support Fund				54,767				54,767
Total Deferred Revenues - Other	\$	13,033	\$	157,221	\$	80,228	\$	90,026

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

8. Deferred Revenues - Obligatory Reserve Funds

A requirement of the Chartered Professional Accountants Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook, is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenues. This requirement is in place as legislation and external agreements restrict how these funds may be used and under certain circumstances these funds may possibly be refunded. The balances in the obligatory reserve funds of the Municipality are summarized below:

	De	ance as at ecember 1, 2023	r	amounts eceived aring the year	as	cognized revenues uring the year	at D	lance as December 1, 2024
Canada Community - Building Fund	\$		\$	10,017	\$	5,153	\$	4,864
Total Deferred Revenues - Obligatory Reserve Funds	\$	-	\$	10,017	\$	5,153	\$	4,864

9. Municipal Debt

	 2024	 2023
Term loan, repayable in monthly instalments of \$3,357, including interest at the fixed rate of		
5.92%, maturing November 18, 2027, secured by a		
specific asset	\$ 164,237	\$ 193,842

Principal instalments required to be paid over the next three years areas follows:

2025	\$ 31,405
2026	33,315
2027	 99,517
Total	\$ 164,237

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

10. Asset Retirement Obligations

	 2024	 2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 108,708	\$ 108,244
Accretion expense	 496	 464
Balance, end of year	\$ 109,204	\$ 108,708
The asset retirement obligation at year-end is as follows:	 2024	 2023
Landfill Asbestos removal Septic system Drinking water well	\$ 7,720 85,562 7,083 8,839	\$ 7,224 85,562 7,083 8,839
Balance, end of year	\$ 109,204	\$ 108,708

Landfill

Under environmental law, there is a requirement for closure and post-closure care of solid waste landfill sites. The main components of the landfill closure plan are final capping and implementation of a drainage management plan. The post-closure care requirements will involve cap maintenance, installation of monitoring wells, groundwater monitoring, inspections and annual reports.

The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over the estimated remaining useful life using the best information available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expense, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable. The most recent waste capacity study for the landfill site was performed in a report dated March 22, 2022.

	Estimated Remaining Capacity	Estimated Remaining Life	Post-Closure Care Activities	Inflation Rate	Discount Rate
2024 Mattawa	-% (- m³)	- years	10 years	3.00%	6.87%
2023 Mattawa	1% (460 m ³)	- years	10 years	3.00%	6.87%

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

10. Asset Retirement Obligations (Continued)

Landfill (continued)

Under an agreement between the Municipality and The Corporation of the Town of Mattawa dated October 25, 2021, the Municipality is liable for a portion of the closure and post-closure costs for the solid waste landfill site operated by the Town of Mattawa. The Town of Mattawa has reserves set up to cover these costs. Under this agreement the reserves are to be applied against closure costs before cost sharing among the three municipalities. As per the agreement all operating expenses, closure and post closure expenses are to be shared by the Town of Mattawa, The Corporation of the Township of Papineau-Cameron and the Corporation of the Township of Mattawan is responsible for 5.1%.

Asbestos removal

The Municipality owns a building which contains asbestos, and therefore, the Municipality is legally required to perform abatement activities upon renovation or demolition of this asset. Abatement activities include handling and disposing of the asbestos in a prescribed manner when it is disturbed. The timing of post-closure care cannot yet be reasonably estimated, so no discounting has been applied to the liability.

Septic system and drinking water well

The Municipality owns a septic system and a drinking water well which represents an environmental hazard upon removal and decommissioning and there are legal obligations regarding how they must be removed. The timing of post-closure care cannot yet be reasonably estimated, so no discounting has been applied to the liability.

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

11. Tangible Capital Assets

		Cost					Accumulated Amortization					Accumulated Amortization					Net Book Value		
	Balance, beginning of year	Additio	ns	Transfers / Disposals		Balance, end of year	_	Balance, beginning of year	<u>Aı</u>	nortization		Disposals		Balance, end of year	De	ecember 31, 2024	D	ecember 31 2023	
Land	\$ 30,612	\$ -		\$ -	\$	30,612	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,612	\$	30,612	
Land improvements	6,325	-		-		6,325		4,744		1,581		-		6,325		-		1,581	
Buildings	411,299	-		-		411,299		109,457		14,146		-		123,603		287,696		301,842	
Machinery and																			
equipment	9,357	-		-		9,357		9,357		-		-		9,357		-		-	
Vehicles	234,124	-		-		234,124		31,216		15,608		-		46,824		187,300		202,908	
Roads	873,654	25,7	01	-		899,355		263,831		19,987		-		283,818		615,537		609,823	
Bridges and culverts	2,506,433	-		-		2,506,433		369,144		50,566		-		419,710		2,086,723		2,137,289	
Computer hardware and software Assets under	-	-		27,980)	27,980		-		9,327		-		9,327		18,653		-	
construction	27,980	<u> </u>		(27,980) _	-									_			27,980	
	\$ 4,099,784	\$ 25,7	01	\$ -	\$	4,125,485	\$	787,749	\$	111,215	\$	-	\$	898,964	\$	3,226,521	\$	3,312,035	

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

12. Accumulated Surplus

	2024	2023
Surplus		
Invested in tangible capital assets Unfunded liabilities Municipal debt Asset retirement obligations Total surplus	\$ 3,226,521 (164,237) (109,204) 2,953,080	\$ 3,312,035 (193,842) (108,708) 3,009,485
Reserves		
Special purpose reserves Working capital Computer equipment Landfill closure Roads and bridges Total reserves	122,937 2,000 9,000 12,112 146,049	61,688 2,000 9,000 12,112 84,800
Accumulated Surplus	\$ 3,099,129	\$ 3,094,285

(a) General Surplus:

The general surplus of \$- (2023 - \$-) at the end of the year is comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Opening balance	\$ -	\$ -
Annual surplus	4,84	4 382,758
Transfer (to) from reserves	(61,24)	9) 19,155
Net change in tangible capital assets	85,51	4 (374,471)
Increase in amounts to be recovered	(29,109	<u>(27,442)</u>
Closing balance	<u>s - </u>	<u>\$ - </u>

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

13. Contingencies

Legal Matters

The Municipality is involved in certain legal matters and litigations, the outcomes of which are not presently determinable. The loss, if any, from these contingencies will be accounted for in the periods in which the matters are resolved. Council is of the opinion that it is unlikely that any liability, to the extent not provided by insurance or otherwise, would be material in relation to the Municipality's financial position.

Guarantees

In March 2022, the Municipality passed a by-law authorizing the signing of a Guarantee and Postponement of Claims Agreement with Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation for the redevelopment of Cassellholme (East Nipissing District Home for the Aged). Under the agreement the total construction cost of \$57,695,599 will be financed by the creditor, Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation. Should the debtor, The Board of Management for the District of Nipissing East fail to make payments on the debt, then the nine participating municipal guarantors will each be responsible for repayment of the debt up to their maximum guaranteed proportions per the Postponement of Claims Agreement. The Municipality's guaranteed proportion of this debt is \$178,856 (0.31%).

14. Commitments

Under the terms of existing contracts for services expiring on December 31, 2026, the Municipality is committed to make minimum payments as follows:

2025	\$ 78,797
2026	 46,465
	\$ 125,262

15. Operations of School Boards

Further to note 1(a)(iii), the taxation, other revenues, and expenses of the school boards are comprised of the following:

	2024			2023
Taxation and user charges	<u>\$</u>	52,583	\$	52,054
Total amounts received or receivable		52,583		52,054
Requisitions		52,583		52,054
	\$		\$	-

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

16. Contributions to Unconsolidated Joint Local Boards

Further to note 1(a)(ii), the following contributions were made by the Municipality to these boards:

	2024	 2023	
District of Nipissing Social Services Administration Board East Nipissing District Home for the Aged North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit	\$ 58,572 10,997 4,878	\$ 56,733 11,077 4,737	
	\$ 74,447	\$ 72,547	

17. Financial Instruments

Risks arising from financial instruments and risk management

The Municipality is exposed to a variety of financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

There have been no changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of losses resulting from a counterparty's failure to honour its contractual obligations. The Municipality is exposed to credit risk to the extent that taxes receivable and accounts receivable are not collected in a timely manner. The Municipality's financial assets consisting of cash, taxes receivable and accounts receivable are subject to credit risk. The carrying amounts of financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the maximum credit risk of the Municipality at the date of the statement of financial position. The Municipality does not believe it is subject to significant credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Municipality's financial liabilities include temporary borrowing, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and municipal debt. The Municipality maintains sufficient resources to meet its obligations. The Municipality does not believe it is subject to significant liquidity risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

17. Financial Instruments (Continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of changes in the fair value of financial instruments resulting from fluctuations in the market. The Municipality is exposed to currency risk, interest risk and price risk to the extent that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. The Municipality's financial instruments consisting of cash, taxes receivable, accounts receivable, temporary borrowing, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and municipal debt are subject to market risk. The Municipality does not believe it is subject to significant market risk.

18. Budget Figures

Budget figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the budget approved by Council. The budget approved by Council is based on a model used to manage departmental spending within the guidelines of the model. Given the differences between the model and generally accepted accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board, the budget figures presented have been adjusted to conform with this basis of accounting that is used to prepare the financial statements. The budget figures are unaudited.

	 2024	 2023
Budget By-law surplus for the year	\$ _	\$ -
Add: Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	-
Municipal debt repaid	29,604	27,908
Contributions to reserves	-	-
Less: Amortization of tangible capital assets	 (111,215)	(101,514)
Budget deficit per statement of operations and accumulated surplus	\$ (81,611)	\$ (73,606)

19. Comparative Figures

The presentation of certain accounts of the previous year has been changed to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2024

20. Segmented Information

	General Government					Environmental Health Services Services		Social and Family Services	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2024 Total	
Revenues Net taxation User charges Government grants and transfers - Provincial Other Total Revenues	\$ 207,306 - 32,322 2,126 241,754	\$ 35,865 63,784 5,592 368 105,609	\$ 184,652 - 28,790 1,894 - 215,336	\$ 52,065 - 8,118 534 60,717	\$ 5,124 - 799 53 5,976	\$ 48,245 - 7,522 495 56,262	\$ 1,200 - 187 12 1,399	\$ 1,734 3,575 270 18 5,597	\$ 536,191 67,359 83,600 5,500			
Expenses Salary, wages and employee benefits Interest on long-term debt Materials, rents, and financial expenses Contracted services External transfers Amortization of tangible capital assets	82,078 - 94,633 98,751 - 23,473	- 1,010 50,111 597	17,991 10,681 127,044 24,391 - 86,161	- 496 73,001 - 1,581	- 500 2,011 4,878	- - - - 69,569	- - - 1,730 - -	- - 2,500 -	100,069 10,681 223,683 252,495 75,044 111,215			
Total expenses	298,935	51,718	266,268	75,078	7,389	69,569	1,730	2,500	773,187			
Annual surplus (deficit) before other	(57,181)	53,891	(50,932)	(14,361)	(1,413)	(13,307)	(331)	3,097	(80,537)			
Other Government grants and transfers related to capital - Provincial Government grants and transfers related to capital - Federal	-	<u>-</u>	80,228 5,153	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	80,228 5,153			
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (57,181)	\$ 53,891	\$ 34,449	\$ (14,361)	\$ (1,413)	\$ (13,307)	\$ (331)	\$ 3,097	\$ 4,844			

The Corporation of the Municipality of Mattawan Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

20. Segmented Information (Continued)

	General Government	Protection Services	Transportation <u>Services</u>	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social and Family Services	Recreation and Cultural Services	Planning and Development	2023 Total
Revenues Net taxation	\$ 185,305	\$ 34,116	\$ 193,366	\$ 38,726	\$ 3,649	\$ 47,245	s -	\$ 1,742	\$ 504,149
User charges Government grants and transfers - Provincial Other	26,354 2,237	13,754 4,852 412	27,500 2,334	5,508 467	519 44	6,719 570		248 21	13,754 71,700 6,085
Total Revenues	213,896	53,134	223,200	44,701	4,212	54,534		2,011	595,688
Expenses Salary, wages and employee benefits Interest on long-term debt Materials, rents, and financial expenses Contracted services External transfers Amortization of tangible capital assets	70,068 - 90,099 91,650 - 14,147	- 1,195 47,198 573	20,964 12,378 137,941 20,464 - 85,786	- - 54,001 - 1,581	500 - 4,737	- - - - 67,810	- - - - -	- - - 2,500 -	91,032 12,378 229,735 215,813 73,120 101,514
Total expenses	265,964	48,966	277,533	55,582	5,237	67,810		2,500	723,592
Annual surplus (deficit) before other	(52,068)	4,168	(54,333)	(10,881)	(1,025)	(13,276)		(489)	(127,904)
Other Government grants and transfers related to capital - Provincial Government grants and transfers related to capital - Federal	107,139	<u>-</u>	392,867 10,656	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	500,006 10,656
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 55,071	\$ 4,168	\$ 349,190	\$ (10,881)	\$ (1,025)	\$ (13,276)	<u> </u>	\$ (489)	\$ 382,758